

**Withholding Certificate for
Pension or Annuity Payments**

OMB No. 1545-0074

2008

Purpose. Form W-4P is for U.S. citizens, resident aliens, or their estates who are recipients of pensions, annuities (including commercial annuities), and certain other deferred compensation. Use Form W-4P to tell payers the correct amount of federal income tax to withhold from your payment(s). You also may use Form W-4P to choose (a) not to have any federal income tax withheld from the payment (except for eligible rollover distributions, or payments to U.S. citizens delivered outside the United States or its possessions) or (b) to have an additional amount of tax withheld.

Your options depend on whether the payment is periodic, nonperiodic, or an eligible rollover distribution, as explained on

pages 3 and 4. Your previously filed Form W-4P will remain in effect if you do not file a Form W-4P for 2008.

What do I need to do? Complete lines **A** through **G** of the **Personal Allowances Worksheet**. Use the additional worksheets on page 2 to adjust your withholding allowances for itemized deductions, adjustments to income, certain credits, or multiple pensions/more-than-one-income situations. If you do not want any federal income tax withheld (see *Purpose* above), you can skip the worksheets and go directly to the Form W-4P below.

Sign this form. Form W-4P is not valid unless you sign it.

Personal Allowances Worksheet (Keep for your records.)

A	Enter "1" for yourself if no one else can claim you as a dependent	A _____					
B	Enter "1" if: <table border="0"><tr><td>• You are single and have only one pension; or</td><td rowspan="3">}</td><td rowspan="3">B _____</td></tr><tr><td>• You are married, have only one pension, and your spouse has no income subject to withholding; or</td></tr><tr><td>• Your income from a second pension or a job, or your spouse's pension or wages (or the total of all) is \$1,500 or less.</td></tr></table>	• You are single and have only one pension; or	}	B _____	• You are married, have only one pension, and your spouse has no income subject to withholding; or	• Your income from a second pension or a job, or your spouse's pension or wages (or the total of all) is \$1,500 or less.	
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• You are married, have only one pension, and your spouse has no income subject to withholding; or							
• Your income from a second pension or a job, or your spouse's pension or wages (or the total of all) is \$1,500 or less.							
C	Enter "1" for your spouse . But, you may choose to enter "-0-" if you are married and have either a spouse who has income subject to withholding or you have more than one source of income subject to withholding. (Entering "-0-" may help you avoid having too little tax withheld.)	C _____					
D	Enter number of dependents (other than your spouse or yourself) you will claim on your tax return	D _____					
E	Enter "1" if you will file as head of household on your tax return	E _____					
F	Child Tax Credit (including additional child tax credit): • If your total income will be less than \$58,000 (\$86,000 if married), enter "2" for each eligible child. • If your total income will be between \$58,000 and \$84,000 (\$86,000 and \$119,000 if married), enter "1" for each eligible child plus "1" additional if you have 4 or more eligible children	F _____					
G	Add lines A through F and enter total here. (Note. This may be different from the number of exemptions you claim on your tax return.)	G _____					
	For accuracy, complete all worksheets that apply. <table border="0"><tr><td>• If you plan to itemize or claim adjustments to income and want to reduce your withholding, see the Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet on page 2.</td><td rowspan="3">}</td><td rowspan="3"></td></tr><tr><td>• If you have more than one source of income subject to withholding or a spouse with income subject to withholding and your combined income from all sources exceeds \$40,000 (\$25,000 if married), see the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet on page 2 to avoid having too little tax withheld.</td></tr><tr><td>• If neither of the above situations applies, stop here and enter the number from line G on line 2 of Form W-4P below.</td></tr></table>	• If you plan to itemize or claim adjustments to income and want to reduce your withholding, see the Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet on page 2.	}		• If you have more than one source of income subject to withholding or a spouse with income subject to withholding and your combined income from all sources exceeds \$40,000 (\$25,000 if married), see the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet on page 2 to avoid having too little tax withheld.	• If neither of the above situations applies, stop here and enter the number from line G on line 2 of Form W-4P below.	
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• If neither of the above situations applies, stop here and enter the number from line G on line 2 of Form W-4P below.							

----- Cut here and give Form W-4P to the payer of your pension or annuity. Keep the top part for your records. -----

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► For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 4.

Type or print your first name and middle initial.	Last name	Your social security number _____ _____ _____
Home address (number and street or rural route)		Claim or identification number (if any) of your pension or annuity contract
City or town, state, and ZIP code		

Complete the following applicable lines.

- 1 Check here if you **do not want any** federal income tax withheld from your pension or annuity. (Do not complete lines 2 or 3.) ► ☐
- 2 Total number of allowances and marital status you are claiming for withholding from each **periodic** pension or annuity payment. (You may also designate an additional dollar amount on line 3.) ► _____
Marital status: ☐ Single ☐ Married ☐ Married, but withhold at higher "Single" rate
(Enter number of allowances.)
- 3 Additional amount, if any, you want withheld from each pension or annuity payment. (**Note.** For periodic payments, you cannot enter an amount here without entering the number (including zero) of allowances on line 2.) ► \$ _____

Your signature ► _____

Date ► _____

Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet

Note. Use this worksheet **only** if you plan to itemize deductions, claim certain credits, or claim adjustments to income on your 2008 tax return.

1	Enter an estimate of your 2008 itemized deductions. These include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes, medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income, and miscellaneous deductions. (For 2008, you may have to reduce your itemized deductions if your income is over \$159,950 (\$79,975 if married filing separately). See <i>Worksheet 2</i> in Pub. 919 for details.)	1	\$	
2	Enter: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \$10,900 \text{ if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)} \\ \$8,000 \text{ if head of household} \\ \$5,450 \text{ if single or married filing separately} \end{array} \right\}$	2	\$	
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1. If zero or less, enter "-0-"	3	\$	
4	Enter an estimate of your 2008 adjustments to income, including alimony, deductible IRA contributions, and student loan interest	4	\$	
5	Add lines 3 and 4 and enter the total. (Include any credit amounts from <i>Worksheet 8</i> in Pub. 919.)	5	\$	
6	Enter an estimate of your 2008 income not subject to withholding (such as dividends or interest)	6	\$	
7	Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero or less, enter "-0-"	7	\$	
8	Divide the amount on line 7 by \$3,500 and enter the result here. Drop any fraction.	8		
9	Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet , line G, page 1	9		
10	Add lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If you use the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet , also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1	10		

Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet

Note. Complete only if the instructions under line G, page 1, direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing a joint return) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works).

1	Enter the number from line G, page 1 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet).	1	
2	Find the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job and enter it here. However , if you are married filing jointly and the amount from the highest paying pension or job is \$50,000 or less, do not enter more than "3."	2	
3	If line 1 is more than or equal to line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter "-0-") and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet.	3	
Note. If line 1 is less than line 2, enter "-0-" on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Complete lines 4–9 below to calculate the additional withholding amount necessary to avoid a year-end tax bill.			
4	Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet.	4	
5	Enter the number from line 1 of this worksheet.	5	
6	Subtract line 5 from line 4.	6	
7	Find the amount in Table 2 below that applies to the HIGHEST paying pension or job and enter it here	7	\$
8	Multiply line 7 by line 6 and enter the result here. This is the additional annual withholding needed	8	\$
9	Divide line 8 by the number of pay periods remaining in 2008. For example, divide by 12 if you are paid every month and you complete this form in December 2007. Enter the result here and on Form W-4P, line 3, page 1. This is the additional amount to be withheld from each payment	9	\$

Table 1**Table 2**

Married Filing Jointly		All Others		Married Filing Jointly		All Others	
If wages from LOWEST paying pension or job are—	Enter on line 2 above	If wages from LOWEST paying pension or job are—	Enter on line 2 above	If wages from HIGHEST paying pension or job are—	Enter on line 7 above	If wages from HIGHEST paying pension or job are—	Enter on line 7 above
\$0 - \$4,500	0	\$0 - 6,500	0	\$0 - \$65,000	\$530	\$0 - \$35,000	\$530
4,501 - 10,000	1	6,501 - 12,000	1	65,001 - 120,000	880	35,001 - 80,000	880
10,001 - 18,000	2	12,001 - 20,000	2	120,001 - 180,000	980	80,001 - 150,000	980
18,001 - 22,000	3	20,001 - 27,000	3	180,001 - 310,000	1,160	150,001 - 340,000	1,160
22,001 - 27,000	4	27,001 - 35,000	4	310,001 and over	1,230	340,001 and over	1,230
27,001 - 33,000	5	35,001 - 50,000	5				
33,001 - 40,000	6	50,001 - 65,000	6				
40,001 - 50,000	7	65,001 - 80,000	7				
50,001 - 55,000	8	80,001 - 95,000	8				
55,001 - 60,000	9	95,001 - 120,000	9				
60,001 - 65,000	10	120,001 and over	10				
65,001 - 75,000	11						
75,001 - 100,000	12						
100,001 - 110,000	13						
110,001 - 120,000	14						
120,001 and over	15						

Additional Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

When should I complete the form? Complete Form W-4P and give it to the payer as soon as possible. Get Pub. 919, How Do I Adjust My Tax Withholding, to see how the dollar amount you are having withheld compares to your projected total federal income tax for 2008. You may also use the Withholding Calculator on the IRS website at www.irs.gov/individuals for help in determining how many withholding allowances to claim on your Form W-4P.

Multiple pensions/more than one income. To figure the number of allowances that you may claim, combine allowances and income subject to withholding from all sources on one worksheet. You may file a Form W-4P with each pension payer, but do not claim the same allowances more than once. Your withholding usually will be most accurate when all allowances are claimed on the Form W-4P for the highest source of income subject to withholding and zero allowances are claimed on the others.

Other income. If you have a large amount of income from other sources not subject to withholding (such as interest, dividends, or capital gains), consider making estimated tax payments using Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals. Call 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676) to get Form 1040-ES and Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax. You can also get forms and publications from the IRS website at www.irs.gov.

If you have income from wages, see Pub. 919 to find out if you should adjust your withholding on Form W-4 or Form W-4P.

Note. Social security and railroad retirement payments may be includible in income. See Form W-4V, Voluntary Withholding Request, for information on voluntary withholding from these payments.

Withholding From Pensions and Annuities

Generally, federal income tax withholding applies to the taxable part of payments made from pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, annuity, and certain deferred compensation plans; from individual retirement arrangements (IRAs); and from commercial annuities. The method and rate of withholding depends on (a) the kind of payment you receive, (b) whether the payments are delivered outside the United States or its possessions, and (c) whether the recipient is a nonresident alien individual, a nonresident alien beneficiary, or a foreign estate. Qualified distributions from a Roth IRA are nontaxable and, therefore, not subject to withholding. See page 4 for special withholding rules that apply to payments outside the United States and payments to foreign persons.

Because your tax situation may change from year to year, you may want to refigure your withholding each year. You can change the amount to be withheld by using lines 2 and 3 of Form W-4P.

Choosing not to have income tax withheld. You (or in the event of death, your beneficiary or estate) can choose not to have federal income tax withheld from your payments by using line 1 of Form W-4P. For an estate, the election to have no income tax withheld may be made by the executor or personal representative of the decedent. Enter the estate's employer identification number (EIN) in the area reserved for "Your social security number" on Form W-4P.

You may not make this choice for eligible rollover distributions. See *Eligible rollover distribution—20% withholding* on page 4.

Caution. There are penalties for not paying enough federal income tax during the year, either through withholding or estimated tax payments. New retirees, especially, should see Pub. 505. It explains your estimated tax requirements and describes penalties in detail. You may be able to avoid quarterly estimated tax payments by having enough tax withheld from your pension or annuity using Form W-4P.

Periodic payments. Withholding from periodic payments of a pension or annuity is figured in the same manner as withholding from wages. Periodic payments are made in installments at regular intervals over a period of more than 1 year. They may be paid annually, quarterly, monthly, etc.

If you want federal income tax to be withheld, you must designate the number of withholding allowances on line 2 of Form W-4P and indicate your marital status by checking the appropriate box. Under current law, you cannot designate a specific dollar amount to be withheld. However, you can designate an additional amount to be withheld on line 3.

If you do not want any federal income tax withheld from your periodic payments, check the box on line 1 of Form W-4P and submit the form to your payer. However, see *Payments to Foreign Persons and Payments Outside the United States* on page 4.

Caution. If you do not submit Form W-4P to your payer, the payer must withhold on periodic payments as if you are married claiming three withholding allowances. Generally, this means that tax will be withheld if your pension or annuity is at least \$1,560 a month.

If you submit a Form W-4P that does not contain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN), the payer must withhold as if you are single claiming zero withholding allowances even if you choose not to have federal income tax withheld.

There are some kinds of periodic payments for which you cannot use Form W-4P because they are already defined as wages subject to federal income tax withholding. These payments include retirement pay for service in the U.S. Armed Forces and payments from certain nonqualified deferred compensation plans and deferred compensation plans of exempt organizations described in section 457. Your payer should be able to tell you whether Form W-4P applies.

For periodic payments, your Form W-4P stays in effect until you change or revoke it. Your payer must notify you each year of your right to choose not to have federal income tax withheld (if permitted) or to change your choice.

Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding. Your payer must withhold at a flat 10% rate from nonperiodic payments (but see *Eligible rollover distribution—20% withholding* on page 4) **unless** you choose not to have federal income tax withheld. Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. You can choose not to have federal income tax withheld from a nonperiodic payment (if permitted) by submitting Form W-4P (containing your correct TIN) to your payer and checking the box on line 1. Generally, your choice not to have federal income tax withheld will apply to any later payment from the same plan. You cannot use line 2 for nonperiodic payments. But you may use line 3 to specify an additional amount that you want withheld.

Caution. If you submit a Form W-4P that does not contain your correct TIN, the payer cannot honor your request not to have income tax withheld and must withhold 10% of the payment for federal income tax.

Eligible rollover distribution—20% withholding.

Distributions you receive from qualified pension or annuity plans (for example, 401(k) pension plans, and section 457(b) plans maintained by a governmental employer) or tax-sheltered annuities that are eligible to be rolled over tax free to an IRA or qualified plan are subject to a flat 20% federal withholding rate. The 20% withholding rate is required, and you cannot choose not to have income tax withheld from eligible rollover distributions. Do not give Form W-4P to your payer unless you want an additional amount withheld. Then, complete line 3 of Form W-4P and submit the form to your payer.

Note. The payer will not withhold federal income tax if the entire distribution is transferred by the plan administrator in a direct rollover to a traditional IRA, qualified pension plan, governmental section 457(b) plan (if allowed by the plan), or tax-sheltered annuity.

Distributions that are (a) required by law, (b) one of a specified series of equal payments, or (c) qualifying “hardship” distributions are **not** “eligible rollover distributions” and are not subject to the mandatory 20% federal income tax withholding. See Pub. 505 for details. See also *Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding* on page 3.

Changing Your “No Withholding” Choice

Periodic payments. If you previously chose not to have federal income tax withheld and you now want withholding, complete another Form W-4P and submit it to your payer. If you want federal income tax withheld at the rate set by law (married with three allowances), write “Revoked” next to the checkbox on line 1 of the form. If you want tax withheld at any different rate, complete line 2 on the form.

Nonperiodic payments. If you previously chose not to have federal income tax withheld and you now want withholding, write “Revoked” next to the checkbox on line 1 and submit Form W-4P to your payer.

Payments to Foreign Persons and Payments Outside the United States

Unless you are a nonresident alien, withholding (in the manner described above) is required on any periodic or nonperiodic payments that are delivered to you outside the United States or its possessions. You cannot choose not to have federal income tax withheld on line 1 of Form W-4P. See Pub. 505 for details.

In the absence of a tax treaty exemption, nonresident aliens, nonresident alien beneficiaries, and foreign estates generally are subject to a 30% federal withholding tax under section 1441 on the taxable portion of a periodic or nonperiodic pension or annuity payment that is from U.S. sources. However, most tax treaties provide that private pensions and annuities are exempt from withholding and tax. Also, payments from certain pension plans are exempt from withholding even if no tax treaty applies. See Pub. 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*, and Pub. 519, *U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens*, for details. A foreign person should submit Form W-8BEN, *Certificate of Foreign Status of Beneficial Owner for United States Tax Withholding*, to the payer before receiving any payments. The Form W-8BEN must contain the foreign person’s TIN.

Statement of Federal Income Tax Withheld From Your Pension or Annuity

By January 31 of next year, your payer will furnish a statement to you on Form 1099-R, *Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc.*, showing the total amount of your pension or annuity payments and the total federal income tax withheld during the year. If you are a foreign person who has provided your payer with Form W-8BEN, your payer instead will furnish a statement to you on Form 1042-S, *Foreign Person’s U.S. Source Income Subject to Withholding*, by March 15 of next year.

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to provide this information only if you want to (a) request federal income tax withholding from periodic pension or annuity payments based on your withholding allowances and marital status, (b) request additional federal income tax withholding from your pension or annuity, (c) choose not to have federal income tax withheld, when permitted, or (d) change or revoke a previous Form W-4P. To do any of the aforementioned, you are required by sections 3405(e) and 6109 and their regulations to provide the information requested on this form. Failure to provide this information may result in inaccurate withholding on your payment(s). Providing false or fraudulent information may subject you to penalties.

Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, and the District of Columbia for use in administering their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.